

### Chip on Board Assembly using Dam & Fill process

#### Introduction

- SPEL has implemented its DAM and FILL processing over PCB substrate for a Multi-Chip Module (MCM)
- MCM includes ASIC chip and surface mount passive components targeting growing application segments like RFID
- Seamless integration of the COB process with the singulation process used in QFN separation
- SPEL was qualified for mass production, after the successful Process and evaluation.
- Process solutions were developed indigenously using our existing resources.
- DAM and FILL process is a good show of our QUICK ADAPTABILITY to new process developments.

### **Encapsulation Material Characteristics**

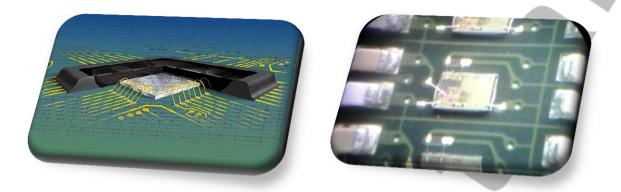
Ероху
Black
High purity
Minimal slumping
Green product
72
Heat cure
Encapsulant - dam
-65 to 150 °C
BGA and IC memory cards
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Technology	Epoxy
Appearance	Black
Product Benefits	High purity
	Low stress
	Good moisture resistance
	<ul> <li>Exhibits relatively high flow</li> </ul>
	High temperature performance
	Excellent chemical resistance
Filler Weight, %	73
Cure	Heat cure
Application	Encapsulant
Operating Temperature	-65 to 150 °C
Typical Package	Automotive applications, BGA, IC
Application	memory cards, Chip carriers, Hybrid
	circuits, Chip-on-board, Multi-chip modules and Pin grid arrays

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#### **DAM** and **FILL**



- FP4451 is high viscous damming material is designed as a flow control barrier around areas of bare chip encapsulation
- FP 4450 is a low viscous filler material for easy flow of mold compound to fill the Dam and provide an even flat surface
- FP4451 used in combination with FP4450 passed pressure pot performance up to 500 hours with no failures depending on device and package type.

### **Process Flow**

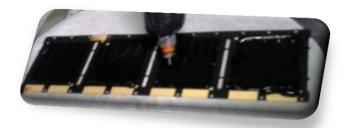


# **Engineering Challenges**

- Experimental analysis was performed on DAMMING Parameters with different Materials and Equipment.
- Minimum handling of PCB during the entire PROCESS FLOW.
- Results were evaluated and suitable Parameters, Tools were set for flawless encapsulation.
- Modified the existing equipment to cater the process needs.
- PCB cross bow / Camber after oven cure should be +/- 1mm for better singulation.

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#### **Process Control**

Key controls were put in to work on the following,

- Constant Air pressure with controlled vacuum holding.
- Size of the nozzle tip hole, Speed of nozzle travel is the two key DAM height deciding parameters.
- Temperature of the substrate helps in uniform distribution of the FILLER material.
- Staging and Post cure after DAM and FILL

# **Quality and Reliability Assured**

- No Delamination at Time Zero and after preconditioning
- Assembly Yield of 99% and above

# **Opportunities unlimited**

Successful implementation of Dam & Fill process has opened up opportunities in the exciting world of components assembly & integration. SPEL has required capability, expertise in providing Customised solutions for Customer needs

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